

Progress Report

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Current Task

- Have been working on implementing K-means algorithm in order to do intermediate weight averaging
- Implementation has been completed; results have been generated

Fit kmeans clustering to group of weights from set replicas

w = np.array(intermediate_models)

nsamples, nx, ny = w.shape

w1 = w.reshape((nsamples,nx*ny))

kmeans = KMeans(n_clusters=5, random_state=0).fit(w1)

cluster_to_models = {}

for model in set_models:

input = []

for x in model[2]:

for y in x:

input.append(y)

input = [input]

closest = kmeans.predict(np.array(input))[0]

print(closest)

i = np.where(kmeans.cluster_centers_==closest)

print(i)

if closest not in cluster_to_models:

cluster_to_models[closest] = list()

cluster_to_models[closest].append(model)

have each model for set and which cluster each model belongs to

want to average weights for models of the same cluster and append these cff values to by_set

for c in cluster_to_models:

group = cluster_to_models[c] # group of models for a given cluster (given by weights)

avg_weights = np.mean(group, axis=0) # element-wise weight averaging

globalModel.set_weights(avg_weights)

globalModel.fit([setI.Kinematics, setI.XnoCFF], setI.sampleY(), # the sample Y will generate Fs

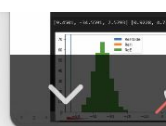
epochs=100, verbose=0,

callbacks=[model_checkpoint_callback])

globalModel.load_weights(chkpt_path) # load back minimum loss epoch

cffs = uts.cffs_from_globalModel(globalModel, setI.Kinematics, numHL=NUM_HIDDEN_LAYERS) # get cffs from middle model

by_set.append(cffs)



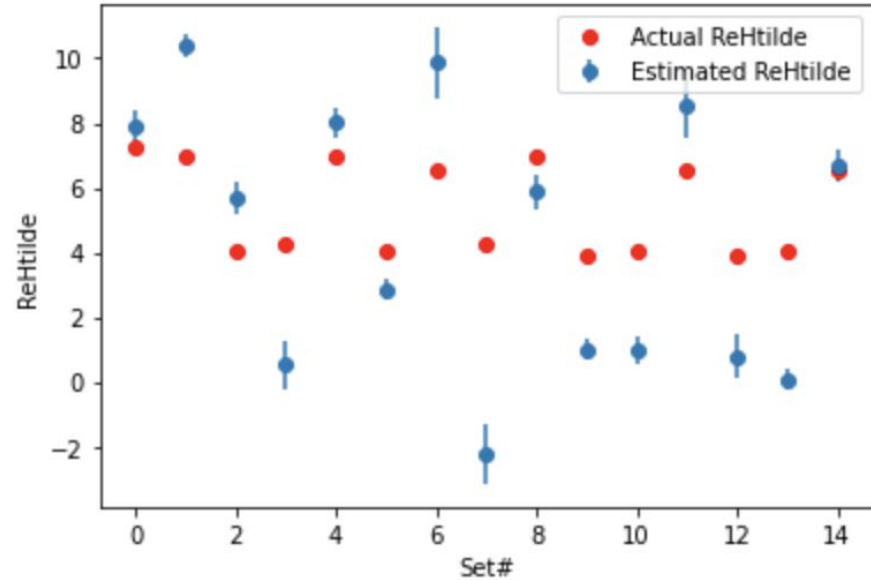
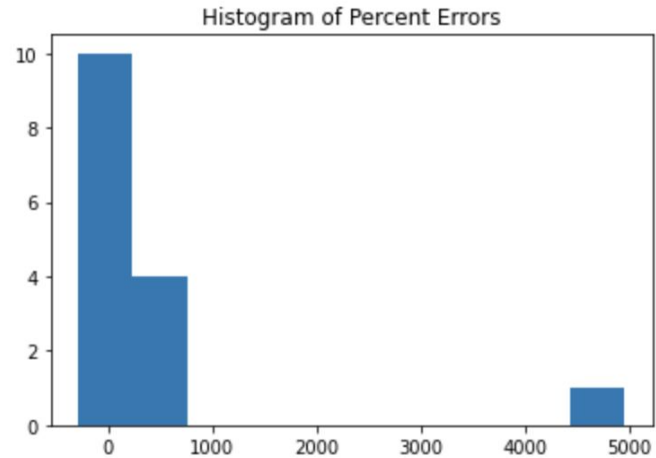
Results (part 1)

Mean percent error: 477.78184628367933

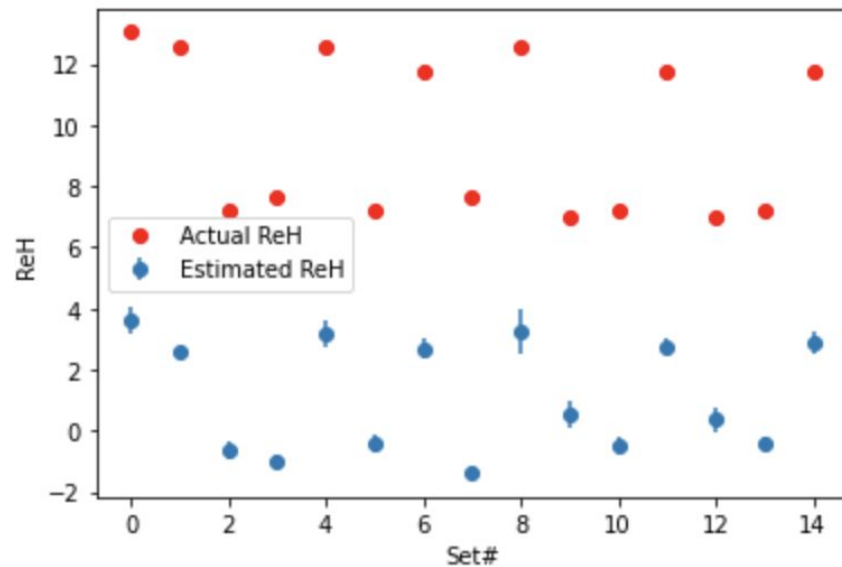
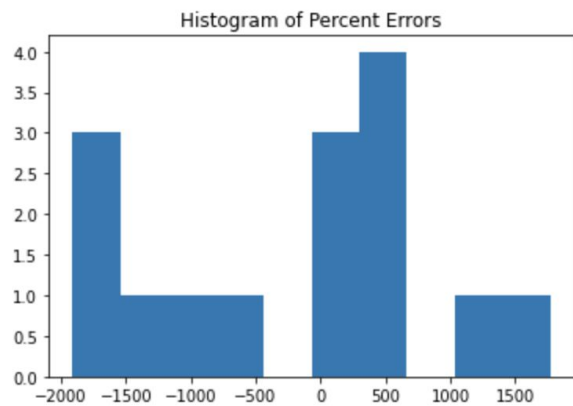
RMSE: 2.976540931551008

RMSE w \hat{y} =mean: 1.4030345621243816

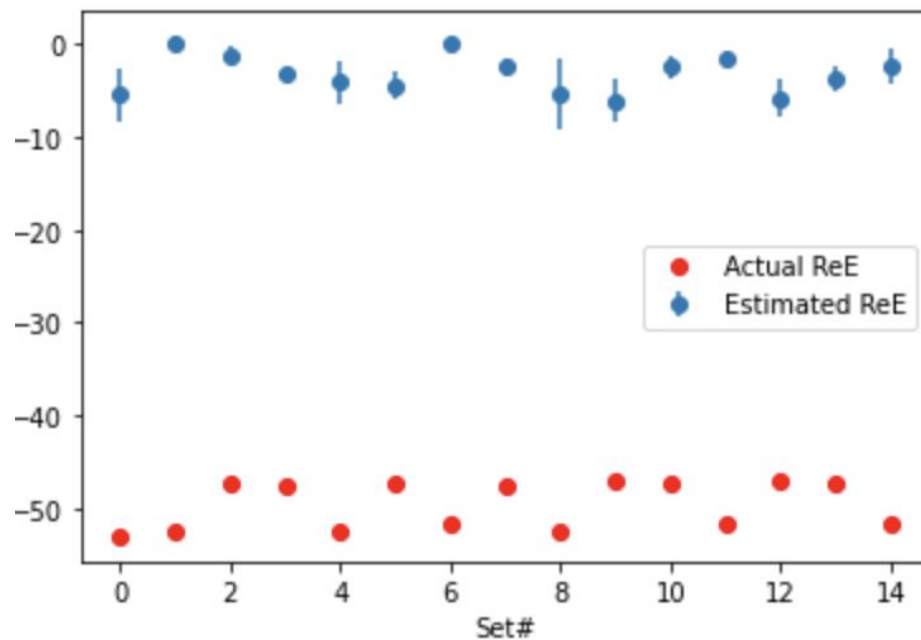
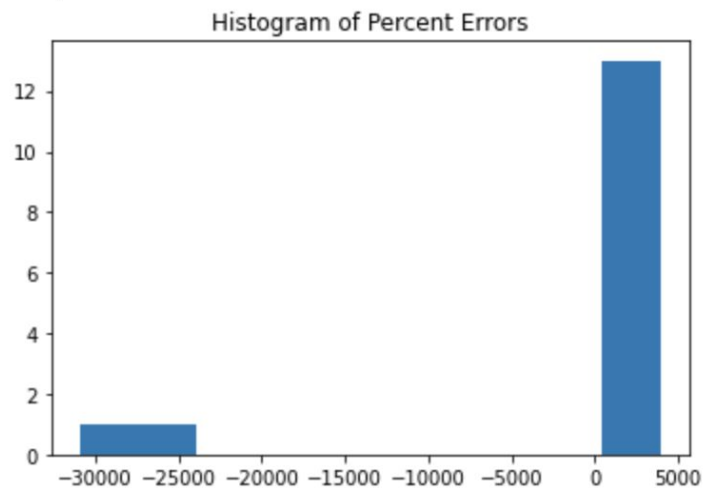
R-squared: -3.5007716491044656



Mean percent error: 886.5477930612573
RMSE: 8.49592975595536
RMSE w yhat=mean: 2.5254628436780107
R-squared: -10.317222635225521



Mean percent error: 5167.420371605129
RMSE: 46.58255438657015
RMSE w yhat=mean: 2.525480507907797
R-squared: -339.2189951795507

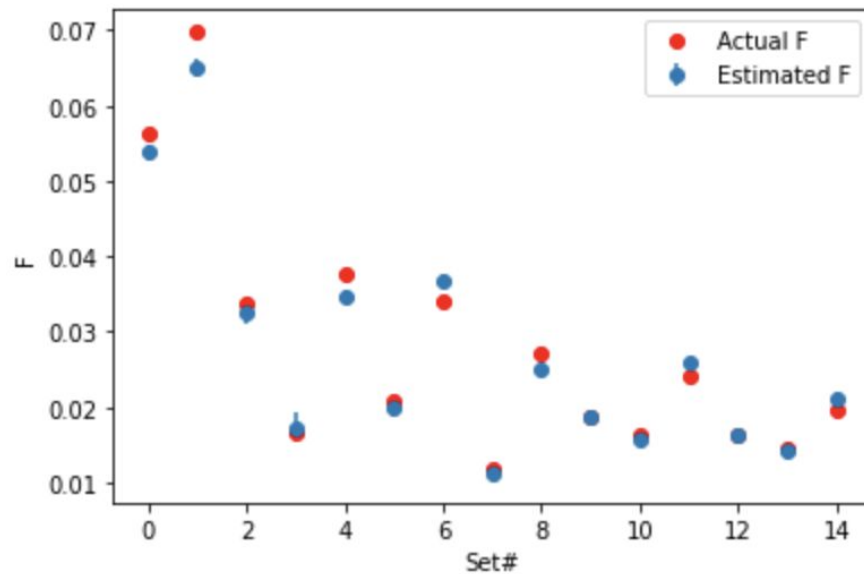
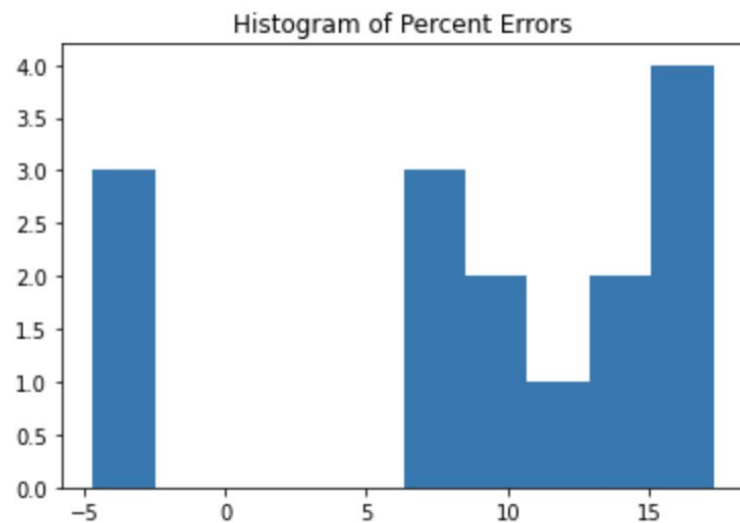


Mean percent error: 10.533317631106346

RMSE: 0.003918341964841446

RMSE w yhat=mean: 0.015855649879790133

R-squared: 0.9389287827470483



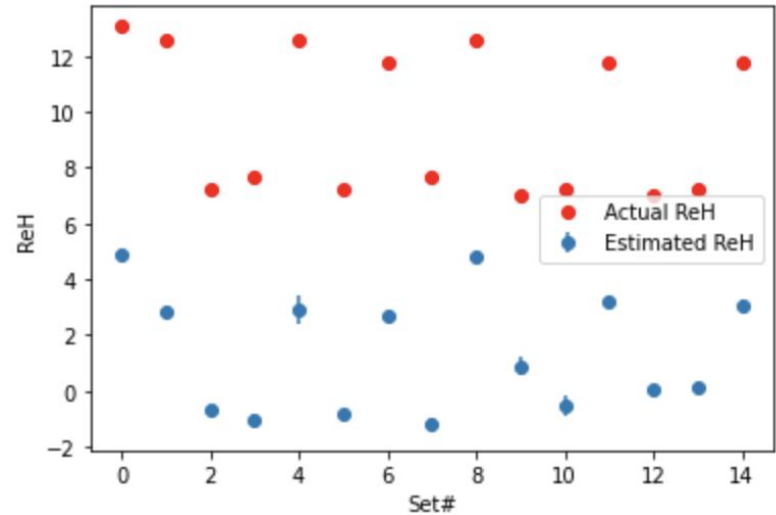
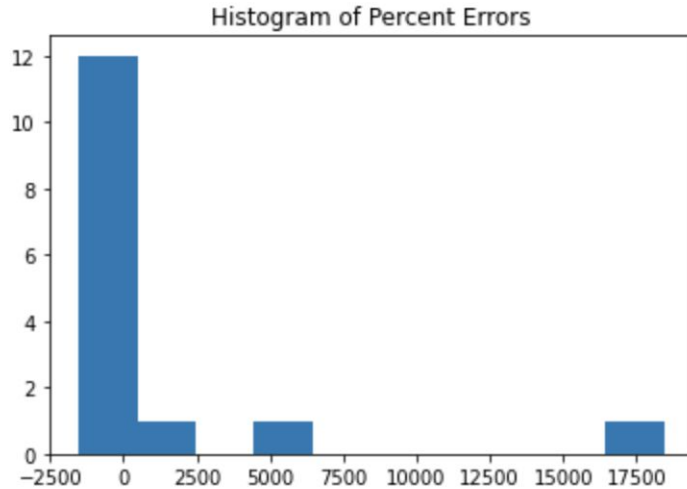
Results (part 2)

Mean percent error: 2156.0630772409563

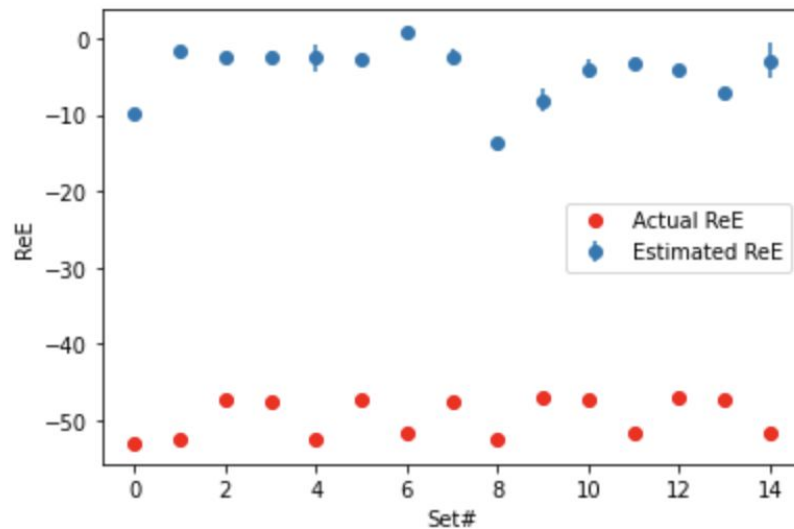
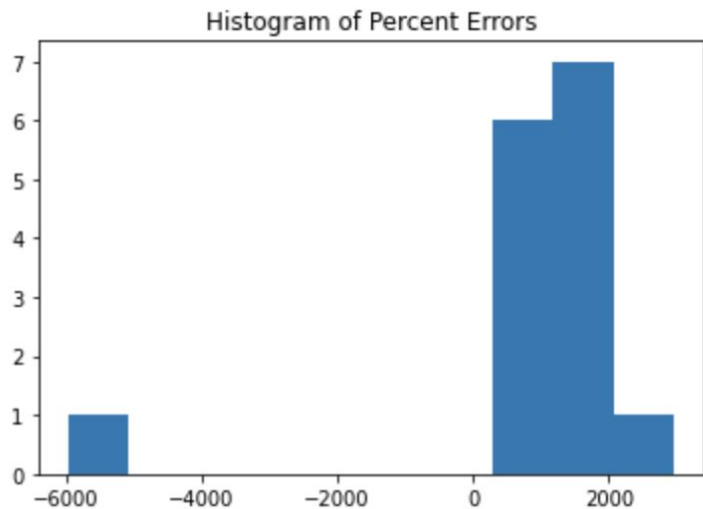
RMSE: 8.2486403045738

RMSE w yhat=mean: 2.5254628436780107

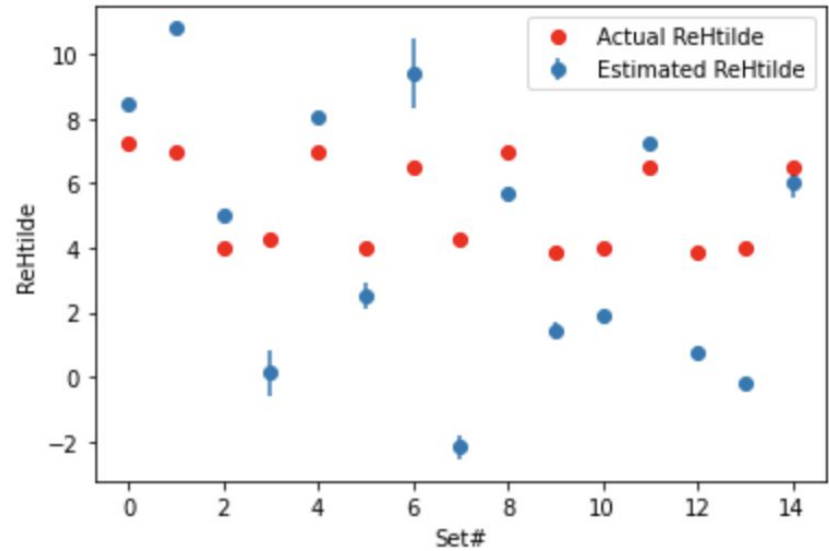
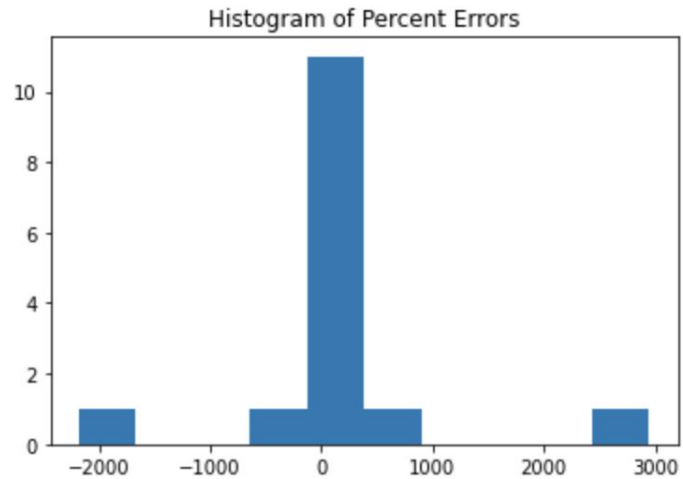
R-squared: -9.667994061785775



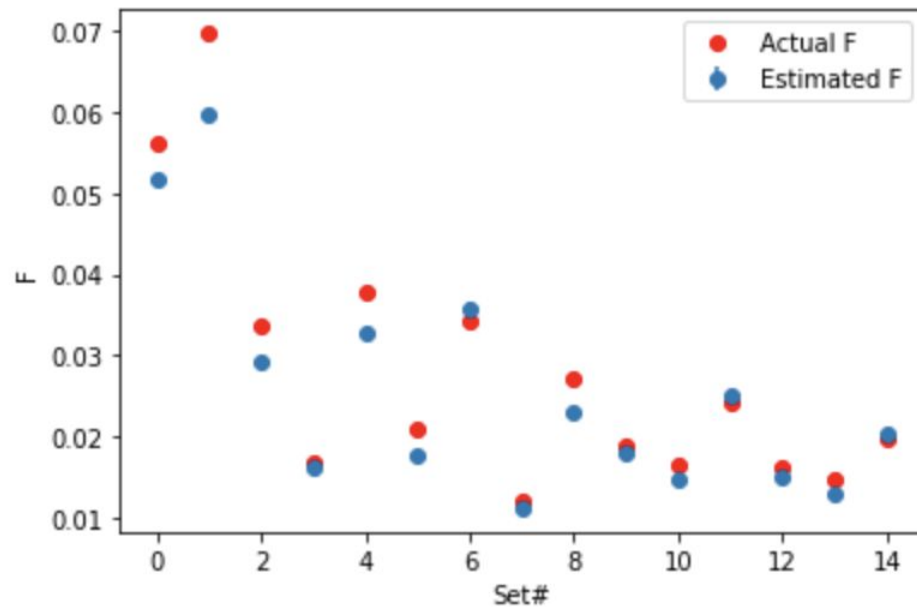
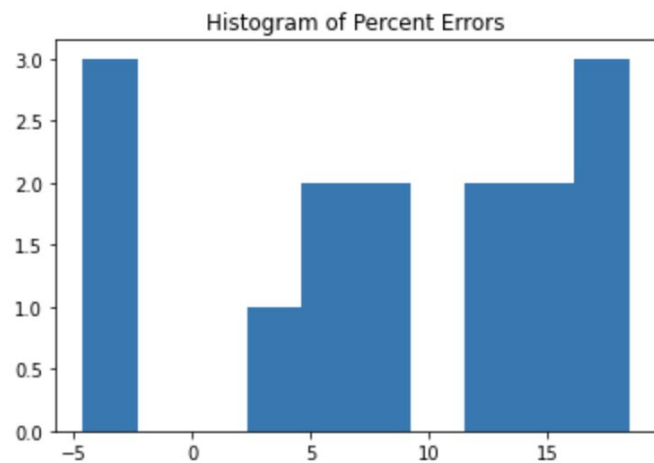
Mean percent error: 1679.9991196579774
RMSE: 45.3661428441653
RMSE w yhat=mean: 2.525480507907797
R-squared: -321.68269095984874



Mean percent error: 423.2346910967616
RMSE: 2.91907201445781
RMSE w yhat=mean: 1.4030345621243816
R-squared: -3.3286540662181823



Mean percent error: 10.217115631864447
RMSE: 0.0037381169089202248
RMSE w yhat=mean: 0.015855649879790133
R-squared: 0.9444175526949976



Summary

- For both methods, the fit on the CFFs was especially poor, while the fit on F was very good
- Perhaps after a limited number of epochs, the weights are not trained well enough to be averaged (currently 400/100 split)
- Experimentation with different epoch amounts is necessary, as well as different numbers of replicas and clusters created from each amount of replicas
- A small number of replicas was used, which could be the reason for k-means not generating an optimal result